The question that Government be granted a sum of Rs. 47,540 under Demand XXIII—Uplift of Backward Communities was put and carried.

The grant was made.

DEMAND XXIV—MEDICAL

VAIDYASASTRAKUSALA DR. (MRS.) M. POONEN LUKOSE: Sir, I rise to move for a grant of Rs. 10,59,187 under Demand XXIV—Medical.

Motion No. 1.

The following motion was declared inadmissible.

MR. P. NARAYANA PILLAI:

1. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,800 for travelling allowance by Re. 1

Motion Nos. 2—9.

The following motions were not pressed.

MR. K. KUNJU PANICKER:

2. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,800 for travelling allowance by Re. 1.

MR. K. KUNJU PANICKER:

3. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,800 for travelling allowance by Re. 1

MR. A. K. KUMARAN VAIDYAN:

4. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,800 for travelling allowance by Re. 1.

MR. A. K. KUMARAN VAIDYAN:

5. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,800 for travelling allowance by Rs. 1.

SRIMATHI T. NARAYANI AMMA:

6. To reduce the allotment of Rs 25,352 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

SRIMATHI T. NARAYANI AMMA:

7. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25 352 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY:

8. To reduce the allotment of Rs, 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY:

9. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 22,900 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

Motion Nos. 10 and 11.

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY: Sir, I beg to move the following motions together:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1 The object is to bring to the notice of Government the necessity for opening more dispensaries in Meenachil and Thodupuzha.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1. The object is to point out the need for starting rural dispensaries.

Sir, ever since I came into this House, I was drawing the attention of Government and the Medical Department to the inadequate medical facilities in my taluk. As yet, we have got only one dispensary at Thodupuzha, meant for the whole taluk. People from a distance of 22 miles have to go over that distance for medical aid. For example, a man from Ellapally will have to go over a long distance at his own expense. There is not even a single grant-in-aid dispensary also there and the population according to the present Census is more than 1,23,000.

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MR. M. R. NARAYANA PILLAI: Are there not private practitioners there and is there any scope for them?

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY: Yes. There is scope for them. I am not certain as to what the private practitioners will be able to do in this matter. It is true that there are good number of poor people. How could they afford to pay for medicines they get? These are costly things for them. What I therefore want is that some more dispensaries at least in two important places in Thodupuzha should be started. If that is not possible Government should at least make some arrangements to start grant-in-aid dispensaries. I make mention of this here because of the difficulties that are being experienced by the people. They come to me often and say "we find it rather very difficult to get necessary medical help"—Sir, a poor man to walk over 20 miles sometimes through hilly tracts—and there are no convenient means of communication—is indeed a sorry state of affairs. Supposing a Doctor is to be taken to attend on a patient who is far away, you can understand how much time it will take. My object is to bring to the notice of Government the fact that at least two more dispensaries will have to be started in Thodupuzha Taluk in order to enable people to have better medical aid. With these observations, I move this motion.

MR. KOTTALIL P. ABRAHAM: Are there not private medical practitioners there?

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY: Yes. There are two or three persons and they are at the centre of the Taluk.

MR. PUTHUPALLY S. KRISHNA PILLAI: Will not the private practitioners go to the patient?

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY: Just the reverse can also happen.

VAIDYASASTRAKUSALA DR. (MRS.) M. POONEN LUKOSE: Sir it is a fact that Thodupuzha and Muvattupuzha taluks have not as many Government dispensaries or sufficient medical aid as other parts, and this has been brought to the notice of the Department by members of the locality about two months ago. I think the members of this house are aware that the Department is alive to the need for more dispensaries in some parts of the State. But the difficulty is that this is not a convenient time for starting new dispensaries becuse of the difficulty of getting medicines from abroad. Government are greatly hampered by this difficulty. If the honourable members only knew what an anxious time Government are having this year to procure drugs and equipment for the existing medical institutions, I am sure they will treat this matter with sympathy. Even last month we heard that the ship in which the supply of medicines for the Department was coming was sunk and the Department has to find ways and means to meet the situation. So Sir under these circumstances it is impossible to think of opening new dispensaries. But Government do realise that the really poor need medical relief, and the question of opening dispensaries

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in rural parts is under consideration. But even in this matter the number of Rural Dispensaries will have to be limited, as private practitioners will also not be able to get medicines and equipment easily from European countries. I do sympathise Sir with the poor people of our rural parts where medical relief is not available. It is not mere lip sympathy. I have been travelling through different parts of Travancore and I have seen the difficulties and the sufferings of the poor. Muvattupuzha and Thodupuzha Taluqs Sir, have private practitioners and some of them are doing well. But the poor people are not able to get much help from them, because they are not in a position to pay for the medicines. I can assure the House that this question is receiving the attention of the Government, and it will continue to receive sympathetic consideration at their hands.

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY: I do not press the motion.

The motion was, by leave, withdrawn.

Motion No. 12.

The following motion was not moved.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for superintendence by Re. 1.

Motion No. 13.

MR. P. KUNJU KRISHNAN: Sir, I move to reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1 to discuss about the working of the Department with special reference to Quilon. I do not want to go into details nor is it my purpose to find fault with the Surgeon-General. I know that the Surgeon-General has been exerting her utmost to see that the Department is run in a proper manner.

I want to make a reference to certain facts. I am just giving an illustration to show how things are being carried on by very important subordinate officers of the Department. At Quilon there is an open gutter running on parallel lines along the northern compound wall of the hospital by the side of the road with dirty and filthy water emanating from hospital compound and near the northern gate through which people have to get in and get out. One cannot walk along the road without closing One's nostrils. This state of affairs was allowed to continue for the last two years.

MR. M. R. NARAYANA PILLAI: May I know whether this gutter is owned by the Surgeon General?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: This was allowed to continue in this manner for the last two years.

MR. KAINIKKARA M. PADMANABHA PILLAI: May I know what the Doctor has to do with the gutter?

PRESIDENT: Where does it come from?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: It comes from the hospital compound and takes its course on a parallel line with the road. It is an open gutter and it is a place very frequently resorted to by the public.

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[Mr. P. Kunjukrishnan]

There is also heavy traffic. What I want to point out is that in spite of the fact that the whole atmosphere is in an insanitary condition the Doctors have not taken care to see that the position has been remedied.

MR. KAINIKKARAM. PADMANABHA PILLAI: May I know whether the Medical Department has any responsibility for the sanitary condition of the place?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: Sir, I think the Medical Department has some responsibility because the gutter is situated very close to the hospital and one cannot enter the hospital without the smell of this nasty gutter. Is it not reasonable that the Doctors should report on the matter?

MR. M. R. NARAYANA PILLAI: Is it the opinion of the member only that the place is insanitary or is it declared insanitary by the Public Health Department?

MR. PUTHUPALLI S. KRISHNA PILLAI: May I know whether this water flows into the lake or somewhere else?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: It takes a pretty long course along the road. Anybody who had the misfortune to go along the road might have experienced.

PRESIDENT: I had the misfortune to go there.

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: One should walk along the road.

MR. PUTHUPALLY S. KRISHNA PILLAI: Is the gutter running along the main road or the by-road?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: It runs along the main road on the northern side. I was noticing this and I had sent up interpellations, and during the last budget session I made a reference to this matter and the Director of Public Health assured me that steps will be taken. But nothing has been done. My point is that the Medical Officers cannot shut their eyes against such insanitary conditions in and around hospitals which have to set an example for cleanliness and healthy surroundings. How can the Medical officers in charge of the hospital at Quilon justify their existence at the locality in the light of such insanitary conditions in and around their hospital.

MR. KOTTALIL P. ABRAHAM: May I know whether the open gutter is injurious to the health of the inmates of the hospital or to the pedestrians of the road outside the hospital?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: It is injurious to the inmates of the hospital as well as to the pedestrians outside.

PRESIDENT: What is the actual suggestion of the Honourable member? Does he want a closed drain up to the public road or a closed drain along the public road?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: My request is Sir, that this water should not be allowed to run along an open gutter. It may be closed so that it would not affect the health of the people. But it is gratifying to note that since my interpellation to the present session of the Assembly

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some repairs have been attempted. The whole trouble is that there is wanting some sort of responsibility on the part of the subordinates of this department. Sir, there is a general feeling that though we spend more than 10 lakhs of Rupees for the department annually the comparative benefit that the people derive from the amount spent is not at all satisfactory. A spirit of service is wanting on the part of the doctors. So far as the private medical practitioners are concerned we find generally speaking, that they thrive better than the Government doctors. To me it appears that it is due to the want of that spirit of service among the Government Doctors. Now, Sir, I leave it to this House to come to a conclusion whether it is true or not. Though we pay large sums to the Doctors as salaries there is much difference between them and the officers of other Departments of the Public Service. While the officers of the other Departments have that spirit of service I think the officers of the Medical Department are lacking in that spirit. Therefore I would make a suggestion, why not stop the payment of high salaries to the Doctors and why not an allowance be granted to them in its stead, giving freedom to treat patients on remuneration.

MR. PUTHUPALLI S. KRISHNA PILLAI: In the Government Hospitals or outside?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: In the Government Hospitals. My point is Sir, instead of paying these Doctors high salaries and thus allowing them to pose as big officers of the State and at the same time not rendering service in the right spirit.

DR. M. K. GOPALA PILLAI: Does the honourable member think that after six years course in a medical college in addition to taking a University degree a medical man starting on Rs. 100 is a decent salary?

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: Not Rs. 100 alone, Sir. There are Doctors who get Rs. 300, or 400 or even above that. I would make also another suggestion. We spend large amounts on medicines which are got down from foreign countries. As it was suggested by the Director of Agriculture that application of indigenous medicines was successful in the case of the disease on cocoanut palms, we can resort to our own indigenous medicines namely Ayurvedic medicines &c. to satisfy our medical wants as well. Sir, in the Administration Report of 1114 it is stated that there is a very valuable literature in this country on the merit and value of indigenous medicines. We also know that Ayurveda and other indigenous systems of medicine are now in vogue in this country. What I want to suggest is that these should be tried and I hope that the experiment will only end in success. It is also up to us to do some research work in the University to find out the medicinal qualities of herbs so that medicines can be successfully prepared out of these and supplied to the Medical Department without incurring large amounts by way of getting down medicines from foreign countries.

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[Mr. P. Kunjukrishnan.]

Sir, I would speak a word or two in regard to a standing complaint in the Quilon Hospital. The public of Quilon have made a very handsome donation in the form of a building in commemoration of the Shashtiabdapurthi of Sachivottama Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar. And it is now a regular ward connected to the hospital. But this advantage has not been properly availed of by the Department. During the last budget session I laid emphasis on the fact that Quilon deserves at least the services of a first grade surgeon with all modern medical equipments in view of its central position and in view of its importance in other respects. Now I would respectfully submit that in view of the fact that the Hospital is over-crowded with inpatients, this ward should be made available for accommodating the inpatients with all available equipments which modern Science can provide.

MR. PULIYOOR T. P. VELAYUDHAN PILLAI: Sir, I wish to make a few observations with regard to this motion. We are all aware that Government are devoting their most careful and anxious attention in the matter of preventing the prevalence of diseases and also in the matter of rendering adequate medical aid to the general public. Sir, we have got a very efficient Public Health Department and also an equally efficient Medical and an Ayurvedic Department. In spite of the useful services rendered to the public by these medical institutions we see from the Administration Reports of the respective Departments that the number of patients treated in the Government Hospitals and dispensaries and also in the Government Ayurvedic Hospital and Grant-in-aid dispensaries in the State, has always been on the increase year after year. This shows that there is something fundamentally wrong either in the whole system of medical administration or in the general health of the people. We have got a leper asylum in Noornad. It is a matter of common knowledge that a number of persons suffering from this disease are assembling at certain particular centres especially in places of public worship like Ochira and Sabarimala and also at the Bus stands and markets. Their number is also increasing year by year. If we travel along the coastal areas in the State we shall find a number of lepers wandering along the road and frequenting public places thus giving room for the contagion of the disease. Very recently I happened to read a leader published in one of the leading newspapers of the State *viz.* the 'Malayala Rajyam' on the necessity of drawing the attention of the Government as well as the Legislature to this matter of deep concern. Even though we have no correct statistics of the total number of consumptive patients in the State there may not be any mistake in saying that their number also is increasing rapidly. In spite of the genuine efforts made by Government in the matter of prevention and cure the result does not appear to be satisfactory or desirable. Therefore I wish to avail myself of this opportunity to bring to the notice of Government and the House the urgent necessity for appointing an expert committee to go into the whole question and find out a suitable remedy. With these words I support the motion.

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MR M. L. JANARDANAN PILLAI: I wish to bring to the notice of Government the inadequacy of accommodation in many of the hospitals in the State. The Surgeon-General has invited public co-operation in the matter of providing more accommodation in hospitals. I may say, Sir, that there is a good deal of response from the public to that invitation. In Kottayam the endeavour has been successful and I am sure in Alleppey we shall have a similar endeavour by collecting public funds to provide greater accommodation. Government are fully aware, no doubt, that private enterprise is not wanting in this direction.

But one point I wish to urge is this. If the people of the locality collect a few thousand rupees and offer to construct a building for the purpose of housing the patients who are now occupying the floors or verandahs of buildings, we are put to the difficulty of submitting our plans and estimates to the P. W. D. and of conforming to certain standards and specifications, which really involve more capital outlay and thus the whole scheme is practically delayed or jettisoned. I would in this connection refer to the speech made by the Dewan at the opening of the Thottapally bridge. He said that in a country like Travancore we should be prepared to have smaller buildings for Government offices and for hospitals, and that it does not matter if after a few years they have to be dismantled, provided they serve the purpose for the time being. I am reminded of that. Sir, now patients are practically accommodated on the open verandahs and subjected to the inclemencies of the weather, and, if people are willing to put up temporary sheds or fairly good buildings on a much smaller scale, where is the difficulty for the P. W. D. in giving sanction to it? If they will only be pleased to look at the matter from this point of view, I am sure more people will be coming forward to construct buildings which would certainly relieve the patients from the difficulties they are at present suffering. It is with this object and with the object of eliciting the sympathy and understanding of the Government in regard to this difficulty and assuring Government that, if only this alteration is made in the existing practice more funds from the public will be forthcoming. I am supporting this motion.

MR. K. DOMINIC JOSEPH: Sir, I too support the motion. Under the present financial conditions it is not possible to meet all the demands of the public for better and further medical relief. Therefore it becomes necessary that a systematic attempt should be made by the authorities to canvas and to exploit private munificence and private philanthropy so as to make extensions and to add to the amenities of the hospitals in towns and district centres. Such an attempt has been made in the Kottayam District Hospital with considerable success, thanks to the efforts of the medical officer in charge and of the enthusiastic band of his assistants. It has been made possible to

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[Mr. K. Dominic Joseph.]

have considerable extensions in the Kottayam District Hospital. Already four blocks of buildings have been completed and two new buildings are nearing completion. It is expected that more charitable endowments will be forthcoming. I submit that this example must be held out by the authorities for practice by other centres and other towns.

I wish, in this connection, to point out that a new pay-ward in Kottayam has become an absolute necessity. Government has been showing in the new ventures in Kottayam a very sympathetic and encouraging attitude and I pray that the same encouragement should be given to the Kottayam District Hospital as far as the pay-ward is concerned.

I also suggest that the gain obtained by the Medical Department in the district centres going in for public philanthropy as I suggested in making extensions and adding to the amenities of existing hospitals should be spent for rural dispensaries where such advantages cannot be obtained. This is an aspect which should engage the serious attention of Government and meet with the encouragement of all the officers who act in this behalf.

VAIDYASASTRAKUSALA DR. (MRS.) M. POONEN LUKOSE: Sir, I am thankful to the honourable member for bringing to my notice the condition of the drain in Quilon main road. But, I am sorry to find that he makes the condition of the drain the criterion for the efficiency of the department and of the District hospital at Quilon. I may say at the outset, Sir, that this drain is on the main road outside the hospital compound.

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: May I point out that my statement was that it does not justify the existence of the subordinate officers?

VAIDYASASTRAKUSALA DR. (MRS.) M. POONEN LUKOSE: I do not admit that, Sir. The condition of the drain was noticed by the medical officer in charge of the hospital and it was brought to my notice some time ago. We felt that the Municipality was responsible for the drain, and the matter was brought to the notice of the Municipality. Then it was found that whatever the Municipality did, it could not improve the drain, because the plastering had come off in many places. Then the P. W. D. was addressed and before the question was brought to the notice of this House, the matter had been taken up by the P. W. D. and the drain is being repaired.

Now, Sir, I do not see how the efficiency of the hospital and its staff depends on the condition of this drain. It may be that this drain has not been very satisfactory at times. But the honourable member could very well have brought it to the notice of the Municipality. But since this came to my notice, Sir, I have done all that was possible.

In regard to the doctors in the department and their salaries being high, you know very well, Sir, that the salaries of the medical officers in this State are not as high as those in other parts of India. I do not compare the salaries here with the salaries in European countries. But I can say that in the rest of India, medicial officers are

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paid much higher salaries than they are paid here. Some of the medical officers here are persons with very high qualifications and they deserve to be paid much higher salaries.

MR. PULIYOOR T. P. VELAYUDHAN PILLAI: May I know from the honourable member whether the salaries of medical officers have been further reduced from Rs. 150 to Rs. 100?

VAIDYASASTRAKUSALA DR. (MRS.) M. POONEN LUKOSE: Yes, Sir, in Travancore the salaries of medical officers have been reduced. The honourable member said that private practitioners are thriving in Travancore. This is good and this is just what the Department and the Government are trying to encourage. There are a great number of unemployed medical men in Travancore. It was with the idea of helping these men also that the Dewan-President announced last year the scheme of the payment system being introduced in the Government hospitals.

I am very glad to hear, Sir, from one honourable member that the officers of other departments have a spirit of service. But it is very disheartening to hear that in the Medical Department alone the officers have not that spirit of service. I do not admit that, Sir. There may be exceptions, of course, but on the whole I feel strongly that the subordinates of my Department possess the spirit of service and of real devotion to duty which is not excelled by the officers of any other department.

With regard to indigenous medicines, Sir, the Department will be really glad if effective medicines and medicines that are standardised can be got. There is no use in buying medicines which we are afraid to try on a patient because we do not know their strength or the action of the important ingredients of the medicines. I might say, Sir, that the Government of India are considering the possibility of manufacturing certain drugs in India and if it is successful I am sure that this Government will be the first to take advantage of it.

In regard to the memorial ward building in the Quilon District Hospital, I am sorry, Sir, that it was opened as a ward. Honourable members are aware that this building is a fine substantial upstair building, but it has not got any of the conveniences required for a hospital. It might do very well for an office, but not for accommodating patients, and for carrying on hospital work. Though the building has been handed over to the Department, it is impossible to accommodate patients there unless many alterations and additions are effected, e. g., lavatory arrangements for patients, water supply, hospital kitchen and conveniences for carrying bed-ridden patients upstairs. It is true, Sir, that the building was handed over to the Department, but I was at a loss to know what to do with the building as it stands at present. Government have however been very generous and have provided funds for carrying out the necessary alterations. We hope soon to accommodate patients who are able to walk upstairs. But honourable members must remember that it is not enough to accommodate patients. We must have the necessary staff, the furniture and so many other things before the building can be used as a hospital.

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[Vaidyasastrakusala Dr. (Mrs.) M. Poonen Lukose.]

I may infom the House that no patients have as yet been accommodated in this building and that I will be the last person to recommend this before all necessary arrangements have been made for their care.

As regards the treatment of lepers this is a matter which has to be attended to very carefully and seriously. The honourable member will notice that provision has been made in the budget for 1117 for carrying on more effective work among lepers.

With regard to the construction of buildings by private donations, Sir, I feel that private individuals should be encouraged to build wards and other buildings for hospital purposes but such buildings need not necessarily conform to the Government types. Sir, I do not believe in costly buildings. I believe that if the building can meet the ordinary requirments of hospitals, the P. W. D. will also be agreeable. I shall endeavour to see that persons who come forward and offer to build are given encouragement and help. But it must also be remembered that buildings should not be constructed in a haphazard manner. Hospital—hospital-wards, operation rooms, out-patient department—all these are being constantly used and have to be constantly washed and kept clean. The buildings should be such as would stand wear and tear. It is not a good policy to put up buildings very cheaply with poor material. We want cheap but at the same time fairly strong buildings. Otherwise maintenance charges of these buildings will be high later.

MR. PULIYOOR T. P. VELAYUDHAN PILLAI: May I know from the honourable member whether she is aware of the circular that memorial buildings should certainly satisfy certain conditions?

VAIDYASASTRAKUSALA DR. (MRS.) M. POONEN LUKOSE: Yes, Sir, this is necessary. But I would not make those conditions too severe.

PRESIDENT: Order, order. The time allotted for the demands having expired, it is my duty, under Rule 71 of the Legislative Rules, to put all the questions necessary to complete the budget.

MR. P. KUNJUKRISHNAN: I do not press my motion.

The motion was, by leave, withdrawn.

Motions Nos. 14 to 22.

The following motions lapsed on account of the time limit :—

MR. K. DOMINIC JOSEPH :

14. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

MR. P. NARAYANA PILLAI :

15. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

MR. S. NARAYANA PILLAI :

16. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

MR. K. G. GOVINDAN :

17. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 14,552 for Superintendence by Re. 1.

MR. A. K. KUMARAN VAIDYAN :

18. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 86,665 for Sub-Assistant Surgeons by Re. 1.

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MR. A. K. KUMARAN VAIDYAN:

19. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 86,665 for Sub-Assistant Surgeons by Re. 1.

MR. N. NARAYANA KURUP:

20. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 9,91,414 for Hospitals and Dispensaries by Rs. 10.

MR. G. VELU PILLAI:

21. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 9,91,414 for Hospitals and Dispensaries by Re. 1.

MR. G. VELU PILLAI:

22. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 44,047 for Grants by Re. 1.

The question that Government be granted a sum of Rs. 10,59,187 under Demand XXIV—Medical was put and carried.

The grant was made.

DEMAND XXV.

AYURVEDA — Rs. 84,698.

Motions Nos. 1 to 12.

The following motions lapsed on account of the time limit:

MR. PULIYUR T. P. VELAYUDHAN PILLAI:

1. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,600 for Honorary Director of Ayurveda by Re. 1.

MR. P. C. ADICHAN:

2. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,600 for salaries by Rs. 2.

MR. C. JEBAMONY NADAR:

3. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,060 for Personal Assistant by Re. 1.

MR. G. VELU PILLAI:

4. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,200 for travelling allowance by Re. 1.

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY:

5. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. PULIYUR T. P. VELAYUDHAN PILLAI:

6. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHY:

7. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. P. V. MATHAI CHEMPARATHI:

8. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. C. JEBAMONY NADAR:

9. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. N. NARAYANA KURUP:

10. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Rs. 5.

MR. K. G. GOVINDAN:

11. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,183 for Direction by Re 1.

MR. G. VELU PILLAI:

12. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 38,340 for grants to Ayurvedic institutions by Re. 1.

The question that Government be granted a sum of Rs. 84,698 under Demand XXV— Ayurveda was put and carried.

The grant was made.

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